

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA**

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,

Plaintiff,

v.

**ROBERT STINSON, JR.
LIFE'S GOOD, INC.
LIFE'S GOOD STABL MORTGAGE FUND, LLC
LIFE'S GOOD HIGH YIELD MORTGAGE
FUND, LLC
LIFE'S GOOD CAPITAL GROWTH FUND, LLC
IA CAPITAL FUND, LLC
KEYSTONE STATE CAPITAL CORPORATION**

Defendants, and

**FIRST COMMONWEALTH SERVICE
COMPANY
SUSAN L. STINSON
CHRISTINE A. STINSON
MICHAEL G. STINSON
LAURA MARABLE**

Relief Defendants.

**CIVIL ACTION NO.
10-CV-03130 (BMS)**

HON. BERLE M. SCHILLER

**FINAL STATUS REPORT OF
KAMIAN SCHWARTZMAN, COURT APPOINTED RECEIVER**

Gaetan J. Alfano
Brett C. Shear
Pietragallo Gordon Alfano
Bosick & Raspanti, LLP
1818 Market Street, Suite 3402
Philadelphia, PA 19103
Telephone: (215) 320-6200
Facsimile: (215) 981-0082

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Kamian Schwartzman (the “Receiver”), the Court appointed Receiver with control over the assets and records of Robert Stinson, Jr., Life’s Good, Inc., Life’s Good STABL Mortgage Fund, LLC, Life’s Good High Yield Mortgage Fund, LLC, Life’s Good Capital Growth Fund, LLC, IA Capital Fund, LLC, Keystone State Capital Corporation, First Commonwealth Service Company, Susan L. Stinson, Christine A. Stinson, Michael G. Stinson, and Laura Marable (collectively the “Source Entities”) files his Fifteenth Quarterly Status Report in accordance with the Court’s Order Establishing Receivership Estate of September 13, 2010, and reports to the Court as follows:

I. INTRODUCTION

On June 29, 2010, the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) filed a Complaint against Defendants Robert Stinson, Jr. (“Stinson”), Life’s Good, Inc., Life’s Good STABL Mortgage Fund, LLC, Life’s Good High Yield Mortgage Fund, LLC, Life’s Good Capital Growth Fund, LLC, IA Capital Fund, LLC, and Keystone State Capital Corporation, alleging that Stinson and his entities engaged in securities fraud and conducted a Ponzi scheme, by falsely representing that they were successfully investing in various real estate ventures. Instead of investing in real estate, Stinson was using the investor funds for speculative investments, for personal use, and was transferring the funds to family members and others. The SEC Complaint also named First Commonwealth Service Company, Susan L. Stinson, Christine A. Stinson, Michael G. Stinson, and Laura Marable as Relief Defendants, alleging that they were unjustly enriched by receiving investor funds. Simultaneous with the filing of the Complaint, the SEC obtained a Temporary Restraining Order that, among other things, froze the assets of the Defendants and the Relief Defendants (the “TRO”).

Subsequently, by consent, this Court entered Orders of preliminary injunction and granting other relief, which inter alia extended the asset freezes indefinitely. The Court then entered Orders Establishing Receivership Estate (Docket No. 29) and appointing Kamian Schwartzman as Receiver (Docket No. 30) (collectively the “Receivership Orders”). Pursuant to the Receivership Orders, the Court, among other things, took jurisdiction and possession over all Receivership Property, which is defined as “the assets, including without limitation monies, securities, choses in action, and properties, both real and personal, tangible and intangible, of whatever kind and wherever situated, of the Defendants and Relief Defendants . . . and/or any entities that the Source Entities own or control, or in which any of them have an interest, as well as any other assets that may be collected in the captioned matter.” Additionally, the Court took jurisdiction and possession over any records, computers and documents relating to Receivership Property, as Receivership Records. The Order Establishing Receivership Estate further provides that the Receiver is charged with using reasonable efforts to determine the location, nature and value of all Receivership Property and that the Receiver is required to take custody, control and possession of such property. Moreover, the Receiver is charged to take actions in the interest of the Receivership Estate, including selling or otherwise disposing of Receivership Property.

On February 1, 2011, the SEC requested and the Clerk entered default against the Source Entities, for failing to plead or in any way respond to the Complaint. The SEC subsequently filed a Motion for Partial Summary Judgment against the Defendants seeking judgment as to the liability of the Defendants and injunctive relief. On June 20, 2011, the Court issued a Memorandum and Order granting the SEC’s Motion. The Court found that the Defendants had violated federal securities law, as alleged in the SEC Complaint, and permanently enjoined them

from any further violations. The Court also held that the Defendants shall pay disgorgement and prejudgment interest in amounts to be determined, in addition to possible civil penalties.

On June 26, 2013, the SEC filed a Motion for Final Judgment (Docket No. 284), and on June 27, 2013, the Court entered final judgment (Docket No. 287). Upon request of the SEC, the Court revised the final judgment on July 1, 2013, and ordered that the Defendants are jointly and severally liable for disgorgement of \$14,051,246.00 plus prejudgment interest of \$472,726.00 (Docket No. 290). Further, the Court found the Relief Defendants liable for disgorgement and prejudgment interest as follows: First Commonwealth Service Company (\$604,377.51), Susan L. Stinson (\$587,346.09), Christine A. Stinson (\$88,884.28), Michael G. Stinson (\$20,842.26) and Laura Marable (\$109,430.76).

In order to keep the Court abreast of the progress of the Receivership Estate, the Receiver is required to file a Quarterly Status Report within thirty (30) days of the end of each calendar quarter. The Report must contain a summary of the Receiver's activities and detail the property and expenditures of the Receivership Estate. Each Report shall also assess the future prospects of the Receivership and make a recommendation to the Court as to future action.

On August 22, 2014, the Receiver filed his Fifteenth Quarterly Status Report detailing the Receiver's activities for that reporting period and recommending that the Receivership should continue for purposes of allowing the Receiver to recommend a wind down of the Estate. At that time, the Receivership Estate held liquid assets of \$615,716.70 and after consideration, the Court ordered the continuation of the Receivership. The Receiver now files his Final Status Report.¹

II. OVERVIEW OF THE RECEIVER'S ACTIVITIES

¹ In order to provide the Court and interested parties with an up to date report of the Receiver's activities, this Report shall include information from the filing of the Fifteenth Quarterly Status Report through the date of this filing.

During this Reporting Period, the Receiver continued to litigate his pending ancillary actions. The Receiver also completed various administrative tasks required by law and necessary to fulfill his obligations to the Court.

A. ASSET RECOVERY – ASSETS IN THE POSSESSION, CUSTODY AND CONTROL OF THE RECEIVERSHIP ESTATE

1. Liquid Assets

The Receivership currently has liquid assets in the amount of \$673,938.94.² See Exhibit A. As of the Fifteenth Quarterly Status Report, the Receivership held \$615,716.70 in liquid assets.

During this Reporting Period, the Receiver has added \$8,222.94 in assets to the Estate.

2. Illiquid Assets

a. Miscellaneous Personal Property

The Receiver is holding numerous computers and related equipment that were seized from the Source Entities and collected from defendants in certain ancillary actions. Given the criminal actions against the Source Entities and the pending ancillary litigation, the Receiver has retained possession of the computers and equipment in order to preserve any information contained thereon. The Receiver does not believe that the computers and equipment have any significant resale value. With the proposed pending closing of the Estate and the completion of all criminal proceedings, the Receiver plans on disposing of the computers and equipment.

² \$1,730.12 of the funds are held in a PNC Business Checking Account, and the remaining balance is kept in a PNC Money Market Account.

b. Other Property

The Receiver previously identified an eleven percent (11%) equity interest in FanWave Media, LLC, by virtue of \$125,000.00 in transfers from the Source Entities from March 2010 to June 2010. FanWave Media is purportedly a record label and music marketing company. If any monies are recovered in the future as a result of this equity interest, the Receiver proposes that the proceeds be paid into the Court Registry and subject to disposition upon further Order of the Court.

B. ASSET RECOVERY - ANTICIPATED ASSETS NOT YET IN THE POSSESSION OF THE RECEIVERSHIP ESTATE

1. Pending Litigation

During this Reporting Period, the Receiver continued to litigate the previously filed ancillary actions, which include those listed below. With respect to those in which monetary judgments have been entered in favor of the Receiver, the Receiver has retained a collection firm.

- Schwartzman v. Hutchison, Civil Action No. 11-1349: On February 25, 2011, the Receiver filed an ancillary action against Janet Hutchison under the Pennsylvania fraudulent transfer statute and for unjust enrichment in connection with funds received from the Source Entities. On August 25, 2011, the Receiver filed a motion for summary judgment arguing that there were no genuine issues of material fact and that Hutchison received fraudulent transfers from the Source Entities. On September 27, 2011, the Court granted summary judgment in favor of the Receiver in the amount of \$81,586.73. If the Receiver recovers any monies from this judgment, the Receiver proposes that the proceeds be paid into the Court Registry and subject to disposition upon further Order of the Court
- Schwartzman v. Shiloh Outreach Church of the Apostolic Faith, et al., Civil Action No. 11-1764: On March 10, 2011, the Receiver filed an ancillary action against Shiloh Outreach Church of the Apostolic Faith, Robert Stinson, Sr. (Stinson's father), and Alice Stinson (Stinson's mother) under the Pennsylvania fraudulent transfer statute and for unjust enrichment in connection with funds

received from the Source Entities. On August 11, 2011, the Receiver filed a motion for summary judgment arguing that there were no genuine issues of material fact and that the defendants received fraudulent transfers from the Source Entities. On September 19, 2011, the Court granted summary judgment in favor of the Receiver in the amount of \$94,250.00. If the Receiver recovers any monies from this judgment, the Receiver proposes that the proceeds be paid into the Court Registry and subject to disposition upon further Order of the Court

- Schwartzman v. Williams, et al., Civil Action No. 11-2693: On July 29, 2011, the Receiver filed an Amended Complaint in this action against Doug Williams and Doug Williams Entertainment, Inc., under the Pennsylvania fraudulent transfer statute and for unjust enrichment in connection with \$63,300.00 in transfers received from the Source Entities. Because recovery was unlikely given the Defendants' limited financial means, the Receiver filed a voluntary dismissal of this action on October 2, 2014.
- Schwartzman v. Talking Water, LLC, et al., Civil Action No. 11-3934: On June 16, 2011, the Receiver filed an ancillary action against Talking Water, LLC, Jürgen Denk, and others regarding a real estate development in Montrose, Colorado, for which Life's Good transferred at least \$1,065,000.00. The Complaint raises claims for fraudulent transfers, unjust enrichment, fraud, and civil RICO. In the last Reporting Period, in an effort to at least partially resolve the outstanding claims, the parties reached an agreement to market and list the real property owned by Talking Water. After obtaining Court approval, the parties marketed the property for approximately 5 months. On July 18, 2013, First Citizens Bank & Trust Company filed a Motion to Intervene requesting the Court to vacate its order with regards to the marketing of the property. During the last Reporting Period, the Receiver and First Citizens resolved their outstanding issues, whereby the Receiver abandoned any efforts to market the property in exchange for \$30,000.00. The Receiver has been notified that Defendant Jürgen Denk has filed for bankruptcy, thus staying the instant action. On September 18, 2014, the Receiver filed a Motion to lift the Court's preliminary injunction, to permit the Receiver to release funds held in escrow to Defendants' counsel and to release the Bond monies put up by the Receiver. That Motion was granted by Order of Court dated September 19, 2014. The Receiver sent a check in the amount of \$7,823.03 to Defendants' counsel on October 9, 2014 returning the money held in escrow. The Receiver has received the \$50,000 bond, with interest, from the Clerk of Court.
- Schwartzman v. Velle Investments, LLC, et al., Civil Action No. 11-4603: The Receiver instituted this action against Velle Investments, LLC, and Priscilla Mulei to recover fraudulent transfers received from the Source Entities. On May 25, 2012, the Receiver and the defendants entered into a settlement agreement whereby the Receiver would be paid \$15,000.00 over 6 months. The defendants made only one payment, of \$1,500.00, and then defaulted. The Receiver therefore filed a Motion for entry of judgment for the remaining \$13,500.00, and judgment was entered in that amount. If the Receiver recovers any monies from this

judgment, the Receiver proposes that the proceeds be paid into the Court Registry and subject to disposition upon further Order of the Court.

- Schwartzman v. JOMAC, LLC, et al., Civil Action No. 11-6027: On September 23, 2011, the Receiver filed an ancillary action against JOMAC, LLC, Pinnacle Wealth Group, Inc., Reale Partners, LLC, Michael P. McNamara, John H. Staiano, Brad Peterson, Jacob Cooper, and Gary Earle under the Pennsylvania fraudulent transfer statute and for unjust enrichment in connection with funds received from the Source Entities.³ The Receiver previously reached a settlement with Cooper, Pinnacle Wealth Group and Staiano. At the Receiver's request, the case has been placed in suspense to allow the Receiver time to attempt to reach resolutions with the remaining defendants. On October 6, 2014, the Receiver filed a Motion to Voluntary Dismissal as to Defendant Brad Peterson. That Motion was granted on October 7, 2014.
- Schwartzman v. Sierra Capital Resources, LLC, et al., Civil Action No. 11-7395: On November 30, 2011, the Receiver filed an ancillary action against Sierra Capital Resources, LLC, and Michael P. McNamara under the Pennsylvania fraudulent transfer statute and for unjust enrichment in connection with funds received from the Source Entities. On October 4, 2012, the Receiver filed a Motion for Summary Judgment against McNamara and Sierra Capital, however the defendants failed to respond. On October 31, 2012, the Court granted the Receiver's Motion and entered judgment against the defendants in the amount of \$260,135.00. If the Receiver recovers any monies from this judgment, the Receiver proposes that the proceeds be paid into the Court Registry and subject to disposition upon further Order of the Court.
- Schwartzman v. Morningstar, Inc., Civil Action No. 12-1647: On August 5, 2014, the Court entered an Order and Judgment in favor of Morningstar, Inc.
- Schwartzman v. Rogue International Talent Group, Inc., et al., Civil Action No. 12-5255: On September 12, 2012, the Receiver filed an ancillary action against Rogue International Talent Group, Inc., Roger Paul, Inc., Roger Paul, High Idea Corp, LLC, and Dustin Diamond under the Pennsylvania fraudulent transfer statute and for unjust enrichment in connection with \$136,057.16 in benefits received from the Source Entities. Defendants Rogue International, Roger Paul, Inc. and Roger Paul have filed an Answer and Counterclaims to the Receiver's Complaint, and the Receiver responded with a Motion to Dismiss the Counterclaims. The Court granted the Receiver's Motion on February 7, 2013. On January 11, 2013, the Receiver requested, and the Clerk entered, default against Diamond and High Idea. The Receiver thereafter filed a Motion for Default Judgment against Diamond and High Idea, and the Court entered judgment against them in the amount of \$40,000.00. The Receiver has retained the services of a collections firm, which is attempting to collect on the judgment. The Receiver filed a Motion for Summary Judgment against Defendants Roger

³ The Receiver voluntarily dismissed his claims against Earle and Reale Partners on July 30, 2012.

Paul, Roger Paul, Inc. and Rogue on October 4, 2013. The Receiver requested, and the Clerk entered, default against Roger Paul, Inc. and Rogue. The parties have completed discovery, and the Receiver filed a Supplemental Statement of Undisputed Material Facts on July 11, 2014. On August 13, 2014, the Court entered an Order granting in part and denying in part the Receiver's Motion for Summary Judgment and denying Paul's Cross-Motion to Dismiss. The Court entered judgment against Paul in the amount of \$61,411.55 and imposed a constructive trust on the assets of Paul in the same amount. On October 13, 2014, the Receiver filed a Motion to have a final judgment entered in this case and to dismiss his remaining claims. That Motion was granted by the Court on October 15, 2014. If the Receiver recovers any monies from this judgment, the Receiver proposes that the proceeds be paid into the Court Registry and subject to disposition upon further Order of the Court.

2. Surety Bond and Other Insurance Policies

The Receiver has located a surety bond in the amount of \$100,000.00. The Receiver has chosen not to pursue any recovery from this Bond due to the substantial legal impediments including the issue of standing.

C. ADMINISTRATIVE TASKS AND MISCELLANEOUS LEGAL TASKS

1. Website

The Receiver maintains and updates the Receivership website (<http://www.lifegoodfundsreceivership.com>), which is intended to inform investors and the general public of the status of the Receivership Estate.

2. Status of Creditor Claims

As stated in the previous Reports, the Receiver has responded to inquiries from creditors of the Source Entities by informing them of the Receivership Orders.

III. RECEIVER'S POTENTIAL LITIGATION MATTERS

As set forth in the previous status report, the Receiver identified one (1) individual who received a "loan," from the Source Entities amounting to \$37,100.00. The Receiver had

determined that this individual is judgment proof. The Receiver does not intend to pursue that matter any further.

IV. INVESTOR INFORMATION

The Receiver continues to work with the SEC and to correspond directly with individual investors, when appropriate. As previously reported, two hundred and seventy-two (272) Investor Questionnaires were sent to known investors, and the Receiver has received completed Questionnaires from one hundred and ninety-eight (198) investors. The Receiver's knowledge of investor information is substantially more complete given the accounting efforts undertaken by the Receiver in the context of a pending ancillary action.

V. RECEIVER'S PLAN

As set forth in the Fifteenth Quarterly Status Report, the Receiver does not see a net benefit in continuing the Receivership Estate and, accordingly, requests that the Court enter an Order closing the Receivership Estate. The Estate currently holds \$673,938.94 in liquid assets. The Receiver has incurred \$340,464.48 in fees in administering the estate, Receiver's counsel has incurred \$1,953,622.50 in fees in representing the Receiver and there are currently \$224,513.93 in costs.

The Receiver requests that any current liquid assets be used to pay those fees and costs, as well as Estate closing costs, including the filing of a final income tax return, as opposed to making a token distribution to investors. While the Receiver recognizes the hardship faced by these investors, absent the Receiver and his counsel's actions, including the pursuit of the claims against Morningstar, there was no chance of a recovery on behalf of the investors. The fees, time and expense of this prosecution was borne almost exclusively by the Receiver and Receiver's counsel. Even if the Receiver's current fee petition is granted, the Receiver will not be

reimbursed a substantial portion of his fees and the Receiver's counsel will not be reimbursed for over one million dollars (\$1,000,000) in fees.

As the SEC has noted in supporting the Receiver's prior fee petitions, the Receiver and his counsel have performed a considerable amount of work, much of which remains uncompensated. The Receiver's counsel has received, to date, less than 30% of its incurred fees and his counsel likely will receive substantially less than 50% of their incurred fees if the fee petition is granted. It would be inequitable to penalize them for their efforts in attempting to achieve a substantial recovery by doing anything other than awarding them the remaining assets to satisfy, in part, their outstanding fees and costs. The Receiver is informed that the SEC will file a response to this request.

Furthermore, the Receiver currently has a number of unpaid judgments totaling approximately \$497,383.28 which are largely uncollectible and, if they settle, are likely to be paid at well below full value. If any collection is made on those judgments, the Receiver would propose that the monies be paid into the Court registry and subject to disposition upon further Order of the Court, but it is expected that the Receiver will request that those amounts also be applied to satisfy the outstanding fees and costs.

Respectfully submitted,

**PIETRAGALLO GORDON ALFANO
BOSICK & RASPANTI, LLP**

By:



GAETAN J. ALFANO, ESQUIRE
I.D. Nos. 32971
1818 Market Street, Suite 3402
Philadelphia, PA 19103
(215) 320-6200

Date: October 31, 2014

Attorneys for Kamian Schwartzman, Receiver